boration and 51 per cent foreign equity participation; and

(b) if so, what were the items included in the earlier list and what changes are proposed to be made therein?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAm): (a) and (b) Under the new industrial Policy announced on July 24. 1991, 34 groups of industries are eligible for automatic approval of foreign technology agreements and for foreign equity participation upto 51 per cent Subsequently, computer software was added to this lilt of industries. A detailed description of the various items covered by this list was issued under the Indian Trade Classification (Harmonised System). A ratiomaiisa-tion of these items has now been done and a revised list has been issued on June 24, 1992. There has been no change in the groups of industries eligible for automatic approval of foreign technical collaboration or foreign equity participation.

**Attack on Indgans in Affehantotan**

*35. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR.

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Govemment are aware that the Indians (Hindu and Sikhs) residing in Afghanistan including diplomats are being tortured, killed and their valuably pro perties etc. looted[1] since the formation of the new Government in Afghanistan;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to hold negotiations with Afghanistan Governnment to ensure safety of Indians residing there;

(d) if so, by when and the details of the steps Government propose to take in this regard; and

(e) the number of Indians living in Afghanistan and the number of those who have fled from there since the formation of the new Government thete?

THE MUNISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) and (b) Government are aware that given the unsettled and disturbed conditions in (Kabul, there have, been some incidence of theft and lootings involving Indian nationals and personnel of our Embassy. No Indian national or diplomat has been tortured or killed.

Afghan nationals of India$_n$ origin have also been the victims of such incidents. Government have confirmed reports of seven casualties among them.

(c) and (d) Government have already taken up this matter with the Afghan Government who have expressed their determination to take all possible steps to safeguard the lives and poroperty of Indians as well as. of Afghan nationals of Indian origin-

(e) Of the 125 Indian nationals in Kabul, all but 18 have returned to India. The number of Afghan nationals of Indian" origin is estimated *to* be around 30-40 thousand. Of these, since May, 1992, between 150-200 have been leaving Kabul for Delhi by air each week. Some others have also arrived by the land route.

**Scheme for Revival of IDPL**

*36. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Limited has submitted any rehabilitation scheme to revive the unit;

(b) if so what are the details thereof; and

(c) what steps are being taken by Government to produce essential and life-saving drugs through IDPL?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN); (a) to (c) Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals limited has, as a part of the proposal of Capital restructuring, furnfebed an Action Plan for Revival

The proposal of Capital restructuring and the Action Plan, *inter alia,* envisage expansion of capacities of Penicillin G, setting up of new facilitie* for manufacture of Rifampicin, expansion of capacities of Vitamins BI and B2; setting up of Captive Power facilities and sub-stations at Rishikesh and Hyderabad Plants, besides funding of renewals)reptacenieint9. working capital requirements and re-payment of inter-corporate loans. The proposal also envisages write-on" of accumulated Government loans and interest-The estimated financial implication is Rs. 530 crores approximately including writeoff of Govt, loans and interest.

TDPL has the requisite infrastructure to produce [a] 'variety of drags. Shrinkage in the working cauital is one of the major constraints. The prorsosal for capital res-trvctnring along with Action Plan is under consideration of the Government. Meanwhile, the company has, in compliance with the provisions *of* Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985, referred its case to the Board for Industrial -nd Financial Reconstruction (BIFR)-

**Issue of Chakma Refugees**

*37. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI RAIUBHAI A. PARMAR:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be plesed to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the statement mede to the press by the Bangladesh Prune Minister during her recent visit to New Delhi, while replying to a question "what Bangladesh Government would do about the huge influx of Bangladeshi nationals into India", to the effect that sines Bangladesh view was, that there was no such migration, the question of taHng-the migrants back did not arise;

(b) if so, what is the precise stanri taken by Government about the said Bangladesh view, as reiterated by the Bangladesh Prime Minister; and

(c) what is the actual number of Bangladesh migrants and refugees in lndia and what has been the influx of migrants|refugees during each of the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE INT THE MINISTRY OF EXTBRNAJL AFFAIRS (SHRl R. L. BHATIA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The public stand taken by the-Bangldesh Prime Minister, as given in the new$_s$ item, wa^ not reflected in the Joint Communique, tn which the two Prime Ministers expressed their determination to stop illegal movement of people across the border by all possible mean* and to arrange the repatriation of all Chakma refugees to Bangladesh in full safety and security.

(c) The porous border between fhr two countries makes it difficult to arriv at reliable estimates of the total numbe -of such persons in India. However, abou[f] 53.000 Chakma refugees are living in. camps in India, while available estimate:, of illegal immigrants from Banglades-" range from 8 to 10 million at preset*.

**Internattonri Dialogue on N.P.T.**

*38. DR. Z. 4, AHMAD.
SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD:

Will the PRIME MINSTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is *v* fact that the Prime Minister has called for an International dia-logue to review the Nuclear non-Prolife-ration Treaty (NTP) to plug existing loopholes and make it foolproof; and

(b) if so, the details thereof and the response of the other countries thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATTA): (a) and (b) At a press conference in Tokyo recently, Prime Minister drew attention to the fact that Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty is coming up for review at the 1995 NPT Revier-Conference. The Nuclear Non-Prolifera-tion Treaty in its present form is discriminatory, conferring a privileged status on countries possessing nuclear weapons. The Treaty should be revised to remove this